

# Occupied Housing Units by Fuel Used for Home Heating, Water Heating, and Cooking in Nebraska

## 2004

2004	Total Occupied Housing Units - 687,456						
	Fuel	Home Heating	% of Total	Water Heating	% of Total	Cooking	% of Total
	<b>Utility Gas</b>	480,447	69.89%	*		*	
	<b>Bottled, Tank, or Liquefied Petroleum Gas</b>	55,264	8.04%	*		*	
	<b>Electricity</b>	132,632	19.29%	*		*	
	<b>Fuel Oil, Kerosene, etc.</b>	3,777	0.55%	*		*	
	<b>Coal or Coke</b>	178	0.03%	*		*	
	<b>Wood</b>	9,101	1.32%	*		*	
	<b>Solar Energy</b>	0	0.00%	*		*	
	<b>Other Fuel</b>	4,989	0.73%	*		*	
	<b>No Fuel Used</b>	1,068	0.16%	*		*	

**Sources:** 2004 American Community Survey. U.S. Census Bureau, Washington, DC. Nebraska Energy Office, Lincoln, NE.

**Notes:** An asterisk (\*) indicates a fuel source was not included in the report. The components do not equal the total. Natural gas or utility gas includes gas piped through underground pipes from a central system to serve the neighborhood. Bottled, tank, or liquefied petroleum gas includes liquid propane gas stored in bottles or tanks which are refilled or exchanged when empty. Electricity is generally supplied by means of above or underground electric power lines. Fuel oil, kerosene, etc., includes fuel oil, kerosene, gasoline, alcohol, and other combustible liquids. Coal or coke includes coal or coke that is usually distributed by truck. Wood includes purchased wood, wood cut by household members on their property or elsewhere, driftwood, sawmill or construction scraps, or the like. Solar energy includes heat provided by sunlight which is collected, stored, and actively distributed to most of the rooms. Other fuel includes all other fuels not specified elsewhere. No fuel used includes units that do not use any fuel or that do not have heating equipment.

*This table was updated on December 31, 2008.  
Typically, there is one year between updates.*