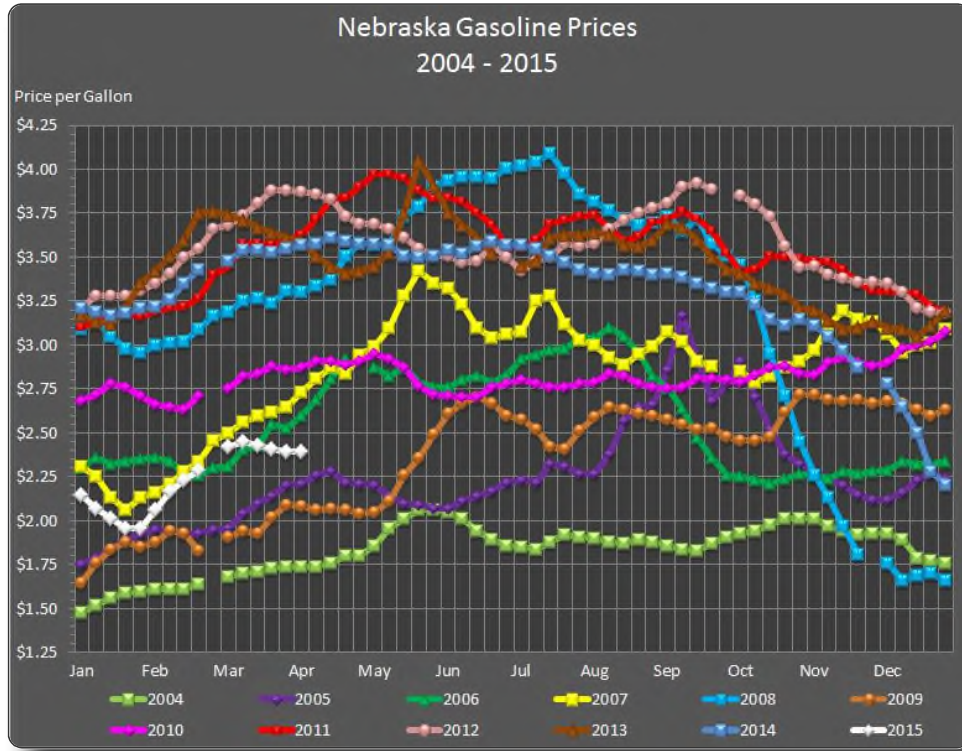
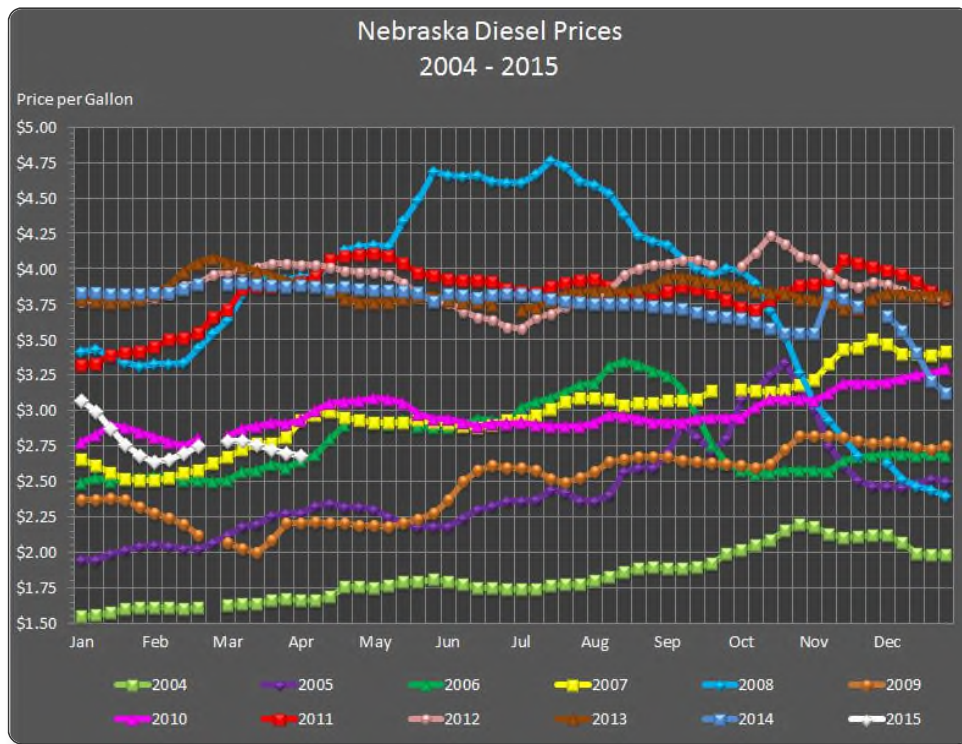


Nebraska Gasoline and Diesel Prices



Regular Unleaded Gasoline Prices for the Week of March 30, 2015
(Price per Gallon)

	Columbus	Grand Island	Kearney	Lincoln	Norfolk	North Platte	Omaha	State
Weekly Average	\$2.38	\$2.27	\$2.51	\$2.38	\$2.40	\$2.43	\$2.37	\$2.39



Diesel Prices for the Week of March 30, 2015 (Price per Gallon)

	Columbus	Grand Island	Kearney	Lincoln	Norfolk	North Platte	Omaha	State
Weekly Average	\$2.57	\$2.78	\$2.68	\$2.62	\$2.57	\$2.53	\$2.68	\$2.68

Source: Nebraska Energy Office, Lincoln, NE.

Notes:

The average may not equal the average of the components due to independent rounding. NA indicates that data is not available.

Regular unleaded gasoline is regular unleaded motor gasoline with an 87 to 88 octane. Diesel fuel is fuel used for internal combustion in diesel engines.

Ultra-low sulfur diesel fuel has sulfur levels of 15 ppm and less while low sulfur diesel fuel ranges from more-than-15 ppm to 500 ppm sulfur.

An [archive](#) of this report, [average gasoline prices for each month](#), [average diesel prices for each month](#), and [historical weekly prices](#) are available for diesel and three grades of motor gasoline.



A general rule of thumb: A dollar increase in the [West Texas Intermediate](#) (WTI) crude oil price per barrel will result in a 2.5-cent increase in the gasoline price per gallon and the diesel fuel price per gallon. Likewise, a dollar decrease in the WTI crude oil price per barrel will result in a 2.5-cent decrease in the gasoline price per gallon and the diesel fuel price per gallon.

*This report was updated on April 7, 2015.
Typically, there is one week between updates.*